

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SUMMARY – July 2025

1. SAND PUMPING & DREDGING

- 23,076 m³ was pumped to Snapper Rocks East.
- 0 m³ of sand was dredged.

Sand Delivery July 2025

23,076 m³ Pumped: Dredged: 0 m^3 Total: 23,076 m³

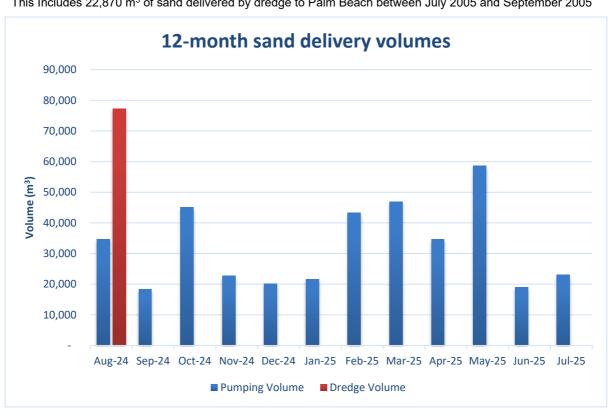
The number of days sand was pumped this month = 27

The number of days sand was dredged this month = 0

Sand Delivery May 2000 to July 2025

12,230,205 m³ Pumped: Dredged*: 3,159,617 m³ 15,389,822 m³ Total*:

^{*} This Includes 22,870 m³ of sand delivered by dredge to Palm Beach between July 2005 and September 2005



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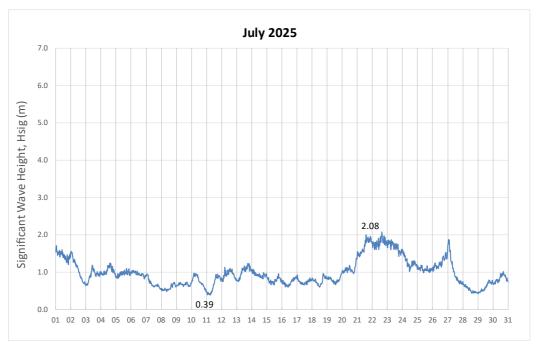


2. WAVE CONDITIONS

Wave conditions were mild throughout the month of July, with 25 days observed to have a minimum H_{sig} <1 m. Consistent nearshore directional conditions were trending in an E direction, with E SSE variability trending offshore. A maximum H_{sig} was observed on the 22nd at 2.08 m, only 2 days of the month observed with H_{sig} >2 m.

- Minimum H_{sig}: 0.39 m on 11 July 2025
- Maximum H_{sig}: 2.08 m on 22 July 2025
- Number of days where H_{sig} <1 m at some point: 25
- Number of days where H_{sig} >2 m at some point: 2

Note: H_{sig} is defined as the average of the highest $\frac{1}{3}$ of waves recorded over a period of approximately 30 minutes

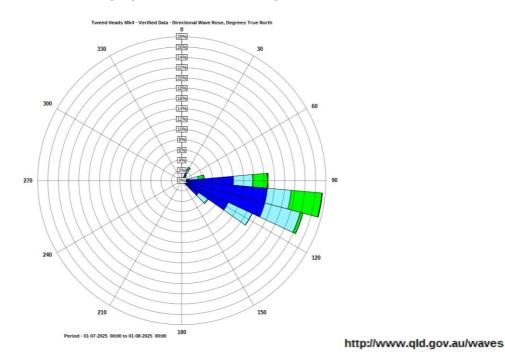


(Source: Tweed Heads Waverider buoy; Queensland Government)

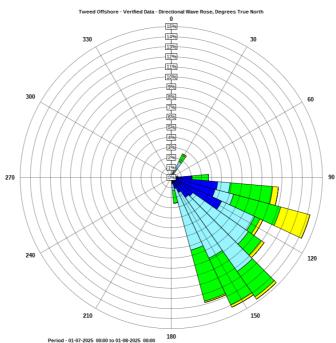
A link to data recorded by the Tweed Heads and Tweed Offshore Waverider buoys is available at: http://www.gld.gov.au/waves

https://www.qld.gov.au/environment/coasts-waterways/beach/monitoring/waves-sites/tweed-offshore https://www.qld.gov.au/environment/coasts-waterways/beach/monitoring/waves-sites/tweed-heads

NEARSHORE WAVE DIRECTION



OFFSHORE WAVE DIRECTION



■ 0.5 - 1.0m □ 1.0 - 1.5m ■ 1.5 - 2.0m

Wave Climate for Hsig ☐ less than 0.5m

> ■ 1.5 - 2.0m ■ 2.0 - 3.0m ■ 3.0 - 4.0m ■ > 4.0m

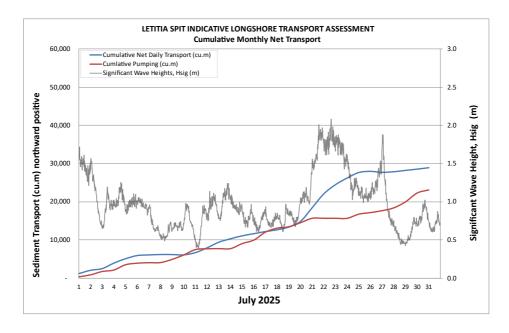
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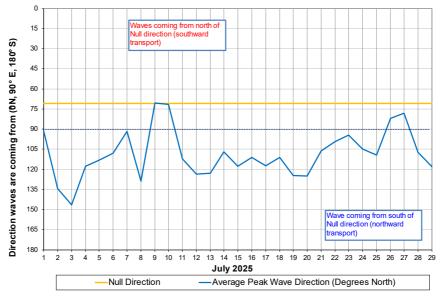


3. INDICATIVE LONGSHORE TRANSPORT

The first graph below is based on simplified sediment transport modelling and is indicative only. The second graph indicates the wave direction in relation to the shoreline null direction (a wave direction coming from south of this line generally results in northward transport of sand).

In July 2025, the estimated natural sand transport moving north towards the Tweed River entrance was calculated to be in the order of 29,000 m³. This result is 48 per cent of the average estimated sand transport quantity of approximately 60,000 m³ for July.





4. BEACH AND SURF AMENITY OBSERVATIONS

Stable beaches have been observed over the month of July, expected during the seasonal mild conditions. Observations show some beach building at Rainbow Bay, which aligns with historical trends for this time of year.





Coolangatta 15 July 2025

Rainbow Bay 15 July 2025

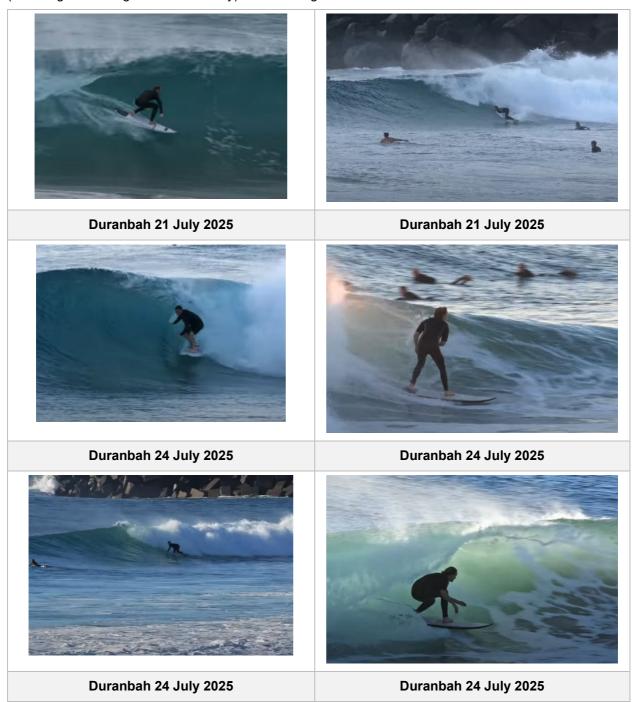




Kirra 15 July 2025

Duranbah 15 July 2025

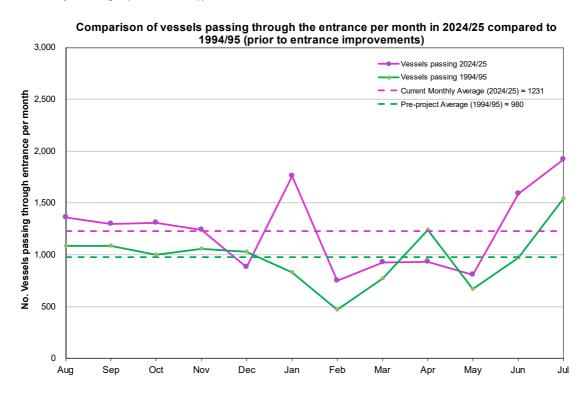
The configuration of the Duranbah shoals are still promoting favourable and consistent surf conditions (including left and right hand variability) under a range of different metocean states.

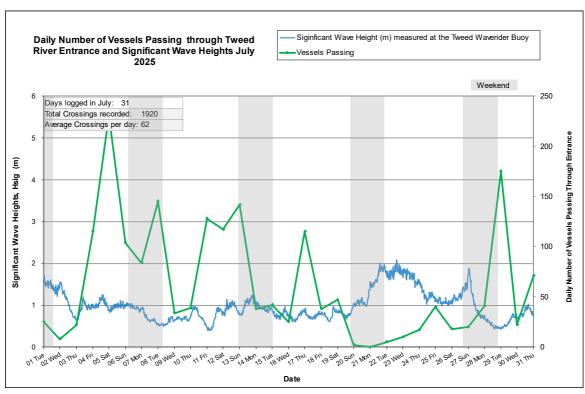




5. TWEED RIVER ENTRANCE USAGE

A total of 1652 Tweed River entrance vessel crossings were recorded for the month (90 per cent of the monthly average (2002–2025)).





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Date	2025	July	Navigation Rating Impassable < > Good					
				Difficulty Encountere d 2	Some	Relatively Good Crossing 4	Good Conditions 5	Number of Crossings
	1							25
	2							8
	3							22
	4							115
	5							231
	6							104
	7							84
	8							145
	9							34
	10							39
	11							128
	12							117
	13							142
	14							38
	15							42
	16							25
	17							115
	18							38
	19							47
	20							2
	21							0
	22							5
	23							10
	24							17
	25							40
	26							18
	27							20
	28							41
	29							175
	30							22
	31							71
							Total:	1,920

Marine Rescue NSW - Monitoring Results (Not including trawlers)

Weekends

Source: Marine Rescue NSW, Point Danger